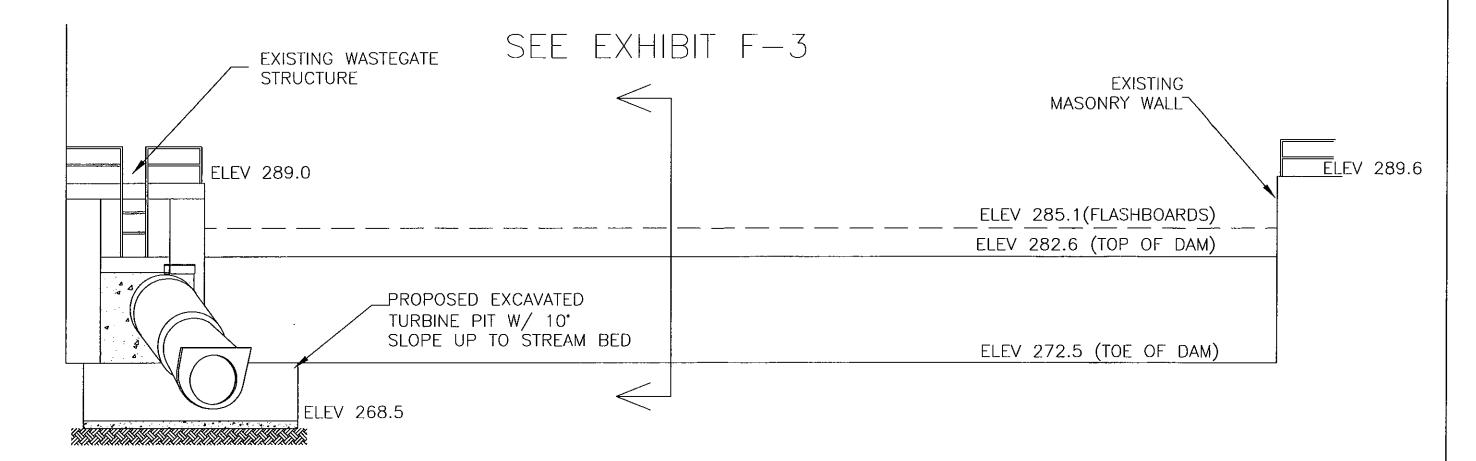


REV D, 12/26/07 REVISED NAVD NOTE

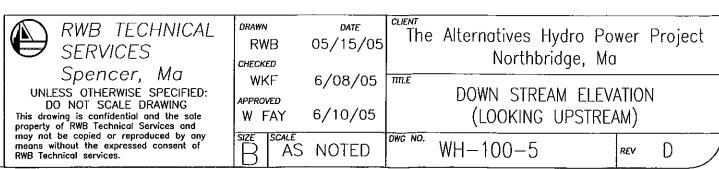
NOTE:
ALL VERTICAL ELEVATIONS ARE
REFERENCED TO NORTH AMERICA
VERTICAL DATUM (NAVD)



DOWN STREAM—ELEVATION
(LOOKING UP STREAM)
scale: 1/8"=1'

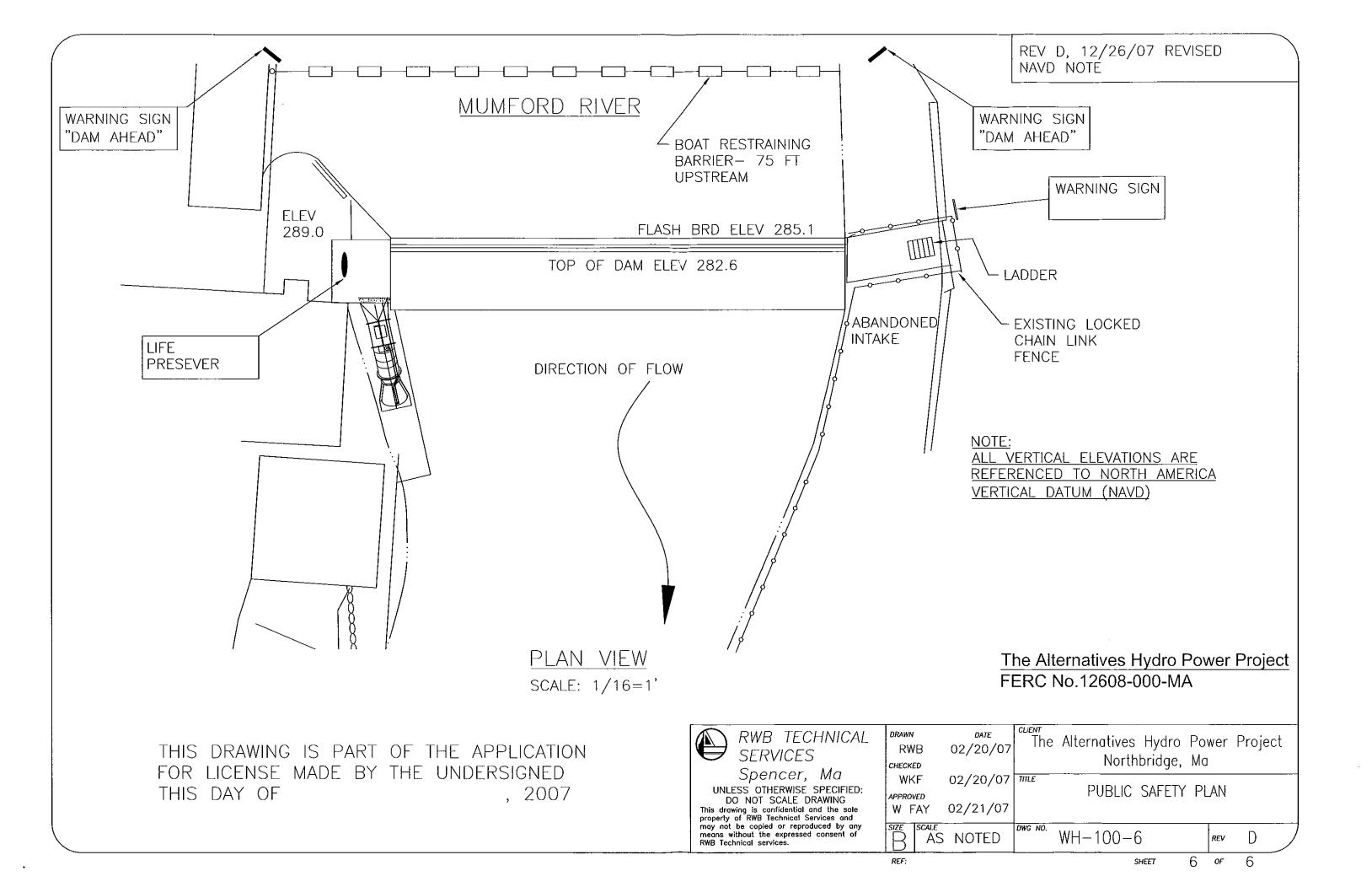
The Alternatives Hydro Power Project FERC No.12608-000-MA EXHIBIT F-5

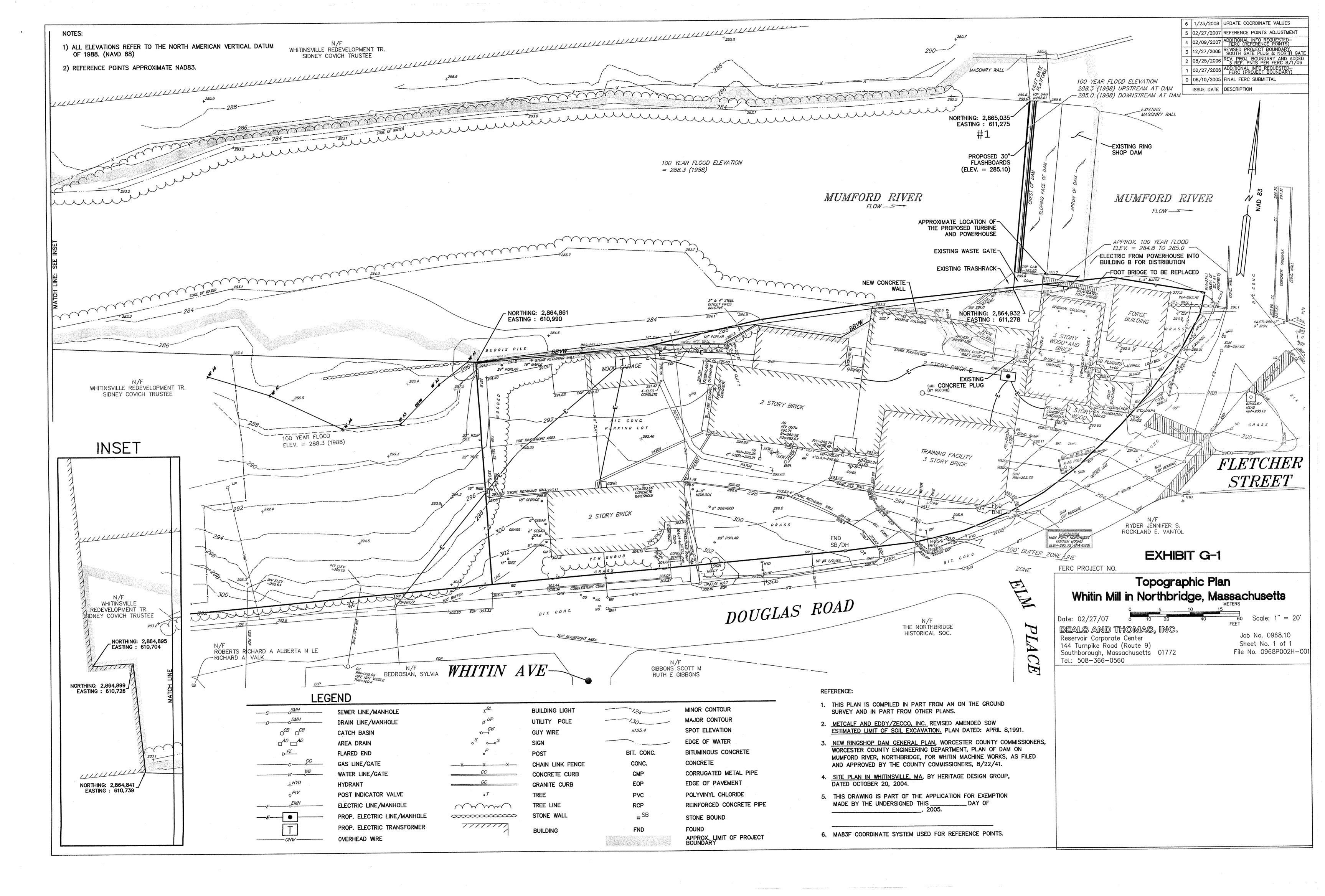
THIS DRAWING IS PART OF THE APPLICATION FOR LICENSE MADE BY THE UNDERSIGNED THIS DAY OF , 2007



REF:

внеет 5 of





Low Impact Hydro Power Questionnaire

A. Flows

Run-of-River Monitoring Plan (with MADFW and US FWS Review and Approval Letters) FERC Order Approving Run of River Monitoring Plan Reservoir Corporate Center 144 Turnpike Road (Route 9) Southborough, Massachusetts 01772-2104 mail@btiweb.com

Tel: 508-366-0560 Fax: 508-366-4391 www.btiweb.com

October 7, 2008

Ms. Kimberly D. Bose, Secretary Federal Energy Regulatory Committee Mail Code: DHAC, PJ-12 888 First Street, N.E. Washington, DC 20426

Via:

Certified Mail

Reference:

Water Quality/Monitoring Plan

The Alternatives Hydro Power Project

FERC Project No. 12608-00 Northbridge, Massachusetts BTI Project No. 968.10

Dear Secretary Bose:

As required by Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) in the Order Granting Exemption from Licensing of the above-reference project, we are submitting the enclosed Run-of-River Monitoring Plan and Water Quality Monitoring Plan for approval.

For maintaining and monitoring run-of-river operation, the Order required:

The Exemptee shall, within three (3) months of the date of issuance of an exemption from licensing, prepare and file for approval by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, a plan for maintaining and monitoring run-of-river operation and spillway flows at the project. The plan shall include a description of the mechanisms and structures that will be used, the level of automatic operation, the methods to be used for recording data on run-of-river operation, an implementation schedule, and a plan for maintaining the data for inspection by the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

The proposed Run-of-River Monitoring Plan complies with these conditions by detailing the mechanisms and procedures to be used for monitoring water level over the dam before and after use of the turbines. The Order also required a plan to monitor water quality at the project site:

The first field season following commencement of project operation, the Exemptee shall conduct a simple water quality study to determine if project operations are adversely affecting the water quality in the area immediately below the dam. The study plan shall be developed in consultation with the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and shall require approval by the Massachusetts Division of

Ms. Kimberly D. Bose, Secretary Federal Energy Regulatory Committee October 7, 2008 Page 2

Fisheries and Wildlife and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service prior to implementation.

The proposed Water Quality Monitoring Plan fulfills these criteria by including two rounds of sample collection and testing, before and after the installation of the new bypass, to ensure that the project is not negatively impacting water quality.

The Run-of-River Monitoring Plan and Water Quality Monitoring Plan were reviewed and accepted by the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife and the United States Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service. In addition, the Water Quality Monitoring Plan was reviewed by the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection at the request of the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife. All comment letters from these agencies are included in the Appendix of both Plans.

We appreciate your assistance with this matter. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact our office at (508) 366-0560.

Very truly yours,

BEALS AND THOMAS, INC.

Northber D. Herrol

Kathleen D. Hervol

Project Manager

Enclosure

cc:

Mr. Caleb Slater, Massachusetts Division of Fisheries & Wildlife

Ms. Melissa Grader, United States Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service

Mr. Philip Ingersoll-Mahoney, Alternatives Unlimited, Inc.

Mr. Bill Fay, Swift River Hydro Operations Company

Mr. Ken Smith

KDH/JLJ/cp/096810LT015.docx

Run-of-River Monitoring Plan

The Alternatives Hydro Power Project Mumford River (FERC Project # 12608-00)

Town of Northbridge (Village of Whitinsville) County of Worcester, Massachusetts

Presented to:

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 888 First Street, N.E. Washington, DC 20426

Presented by:

Beals and Thomas, Inc. Reservoir Corporate Center 144 Turnpike Road Southborough, MA 01772

On Behalf of:

Alternatives Unlimited, Inc. 54 Douglas Road Whitinsville, MA 01586

October 7, 2008

Northbridge, Massachusetts 096810OT002A

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FIGURE 1: WATER LEVEL MONITORING LOCATIONS

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: COMMENT LETTERS

Northbridge, Massachusetts

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Run-of-River Monitoring Plan (the Plan) was prepared in consultation with the Massachusetts Department of Fish and Wildlife (MA DFW) and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (US FWS) as required by Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), in their Order Granting Exemption from Licensing (the Order). The Plan includes a description of the mechanisms and structures that will be used, the level of automatic operation, the methods to be used for recording data on run-of-river operation, an implementation schedule, and a plan for maintaining the data for inspection.

Furthermore, the Plan will ensure that the Project is in compliance with the following mandatory Section 30(c) Conditions filed by the U.S. Department of the Interior and the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife:

- 1. The Exemptee shall operate the project in a run-of-river mode, whereby inflow to the Project will equal outflow from the Project on an instantaneous basis and water levels above the dam are not drawn down for the purpose of generating power.
- 2. The Exemptee shall discharge a minimum of 0.1 feet (1.2 in.) of water over the entire length of the spillway at all times for the protection of in-stream habitat, water quality, and aesthetics. This will require maintaining the headpond elevation at 284.6 feet (NGVD) or higher (equivalent to 285.2 ft NAVD or higher).
- 3. The Exemptee shall implement a refill procedure whereby, during impoundment refilling after drawdowns for maintainence (including flashboard replacement) or emergency purposes, 90% of inflow is passed downstream and the headpond is refilled on the remaining 10% of inflow to the project.

1.1 Dam Structure and Control System

The Alternatives Unlimited (Alternatives) hydroelectric project is located on the Mumford River in the Town of Northbridge, Village of Whitinsville, Massachusetts. The Project Dam was constructed in 1941 and is called Ring Shop Dam. The dam consists of a right concrete abutment with a low level outlet and a left concrete abutment with a hydro-plant intake; a concrete ogee spillway connects the two abutments.

Flashboard risers will be installed on the spillway, with a top-of-boards elevation of 285.1 feet (NAVD). Therefore, the water surface elevation over the boards must be maintained at an elevation of 285.2 feet to meet the bypass reach discharge requirement.

The flashboards are supplied with a control system that includes a controlled source of compressed air and a means for controlled venting of air from the air bladders. The automatic system also includes a provision for local manual control. The system also includes an air compressor, a receiver tank, and various control valves.

Northbridge, Massachusetts 0968100T002A

The control system uses an all-pneumatic water level controller to automatically regulate air bladder pressure in inverse proportion to upstream water level. This system requires no electrical power to accurately maintain a constant upstream pool elevation, which is sensed by a bubbler line, over a full range of turbine gate positions and spillway flow rates.

Alternatives will install one 47 kW Kaplan Turbine at the base of the Project Dam. The turbine will be a Hll-H Automatically Adjustable Semi-Kaplan, which produces between 15 and 47 kW, depending on the flow conditions of the river.

2.0 WATER LEVEL MONITORING

The Project Dam will be operated strictly "Run-of-River", where inflow will equal outflow. No "Peaking" or "Ponding" will occur. Alternatives proposes to install an automated system to control and record future operations at the Project Dam. The system will generally consist of a an electronic transducer, and a Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) with full Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition (SCADA) controls. This system will allow for the continuous, closed loop adjustment of the turbine gates and runner blade position such that the required bypass reach water surface elevation will be maintained.

The electronic transducer will be mounted on the southern abutting concrete foundation, prior to water being diverted through the turbine gates. The transducer will continuously measure the water level over the bypass spillway and will be monitored for significant deviations between readings. A staff gauge, reading in feet and tenths of feet, will also be installed at the intake structure to calibrate and visually verify water levels measured by the electronic transducer, when necessary.

The transducer will be connected to the turbine gates via a Programmable Logic Controller (PLC). The PLC system will be programmed to open and close the turbine gates in order to maintain the minimum headpond elevation. When headpond elevation is below 284.6 ft (NGVD), the turbine gates will automatically close so that all flow will be directed over the bypass reach. During higher flow conditions, the automation system will allow the project turbines to operate at full capacity and excess flow will be passed over the flashboards to the bypass reach.

3.0 DATA COLLECTION

All data collected during bypass water level and turbine flow monitoring will be documented and maintained for inspection by Massachusetts DFW, U.S. FWS, and FERC. The automation system will directly measure the headpond elevation at the Project Dam, as well as station generation, instantaneously. These readings will be averaged and recorded at 1-hour intervals by a datalogger. All data will be stored in an electronic database and will be made available for inspection.

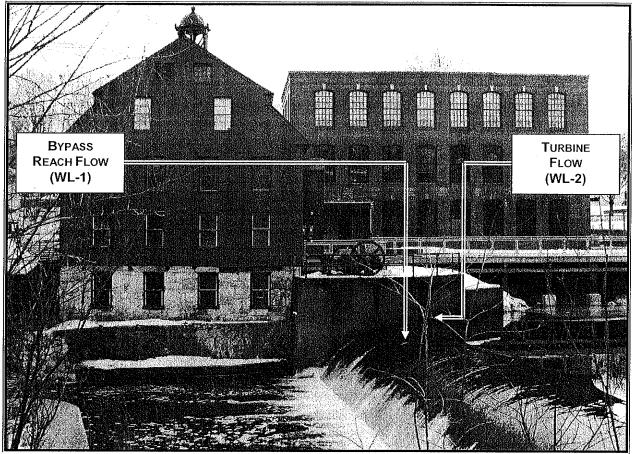


Figure 1. Monitoring stations at the Project Dam.

4.0 FLASHBOARD MAINTENANCE PROTOCOLS

Condition 4 of the Terms and Conditions required by the United States Department of the Interior Fish and Wildlife Service mandates a procedure for refilling the impoundment after any drawdown to perform maintenance activities or for emergency purposes. The following information, which satisfies this requirement, was taken from the Operation and Maintenance Manual for Automatic Flashboards prepared for the Alternatives Hydro Project.

Routine maintenance of the Project Dam includes the removal of large debris caught in the crest of the boards and replacement of damaged flashboard sections. Non-routine maintenance includes failure of the PLC, failure of the lift bags/cylinders or replacement of pneumatic/hydraulic lines. The following procedure shall be used for any of these conditions:

- 1. Notify the Town of Northbridge Conservation Commission that a problem has occurred. They can be reached by calling (508) 234-0817, faxing (508) 234-0814, or visiting their office at Piedmont Street, Whitinsville, MA.
- 2. Arrange for members of the Conservation Commission to view the problem.
- 3. After receiving approval by the Chairman, initiate a drawdown sequence.

Northbridge, Massachusetts

At any time when drawdown is required, turbine flow will be terminated so that all river flow is directed through the bypass reach.

4.1 Drawdown Sequence

The drawdown sequence for routine maintenance consists of lowering the flashboard risers in six inch increments at 20-minute intervals. Once the flashboards are completely depressed, the low level outlet will be opened to stop water from flowing over the dam crest, equalizing the impoundment lever several inches below the dam crest. After drawdown is complete, maintenance tasks can be performed as required.

4.2 Refilling Sequence

Section 30(c) Condition 3 filed by the U.S. Department of the Interior and the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife that requires that, during refilling, 90% of inflow is passed downstream and the headpond is refilled on the remaining 10% of inflow to the project. Therefore, at least 90% of the instantaneous inflow to the dam will be released to the bypass reach or turbine, such that minimum required flow to the bypass reach are met at all times.

The procedure for refilling the impoundment sequence will be followed after maintenance activities are complete. The flashboards should be fully raised with the outflow still flowing through the low level outlet. The low level outlet should be slowly closed in six inch increments at 20-minute intervals. Full closure of the outlet should not occur until water is flowing over the crest of the flashboards. This sequence allows the impoundment to refill without stopping the downstream flow of water.

Once the impoundment has been refilled, or in the event that refilling will take longer than anticipated, the Town of Northbridge Conservation Commission should be informed.

5.0 IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

The electronic transducer, staff gauges will be installed a minimum of one month prior to the opening of the turbine gates to establish the baseline water surface elevation over the bypass reach. The water level over the bypass reach will be monitored until the requirements of the Order are satisfied.

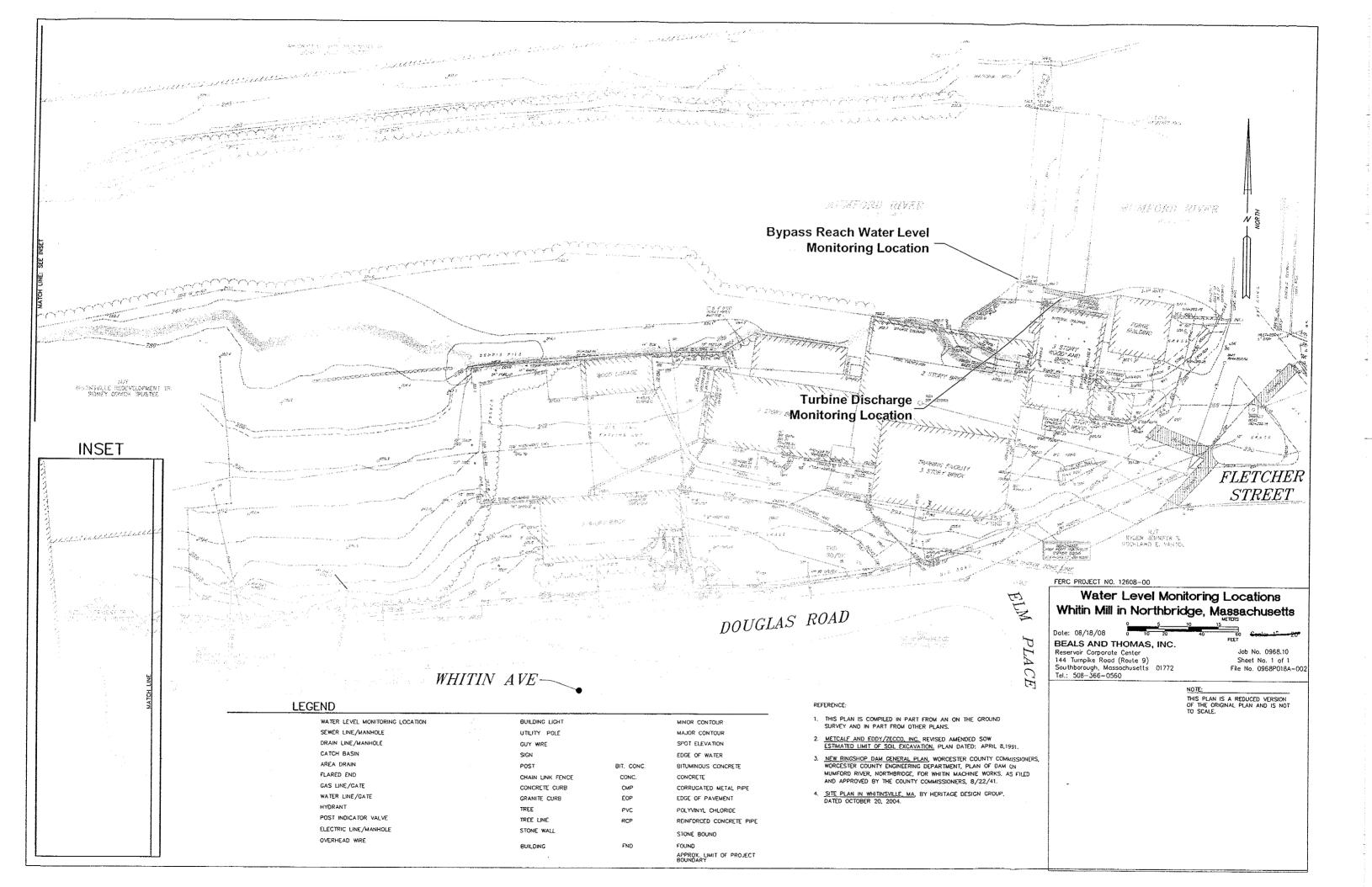
6.0 AGENCY CONSULTATION

A draft of this plan was provided to MA DFW and US FWS. Comment letters were received and are contained in Appendix A.

Northbridge, Massachusetts 0968100T002A

FIGURES

Figure 1: Water Level Monitoring Locations



APPENDICES

Appendix A

Comment Letters



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE New England Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, New Hampshire 03301-5087 http://www.fws.gov/northeast/newenglandfieldoffice

REF: FERC No. 12608

Alternatives Unlimited

September 18, 2008

Kathleen D. Hervol Beals and Thomas, Inc. Reservoir Corporate Center 144 Turnpike Road (Route 9) Southborough, MA 01772

Dear Ms. Hervol:

This responds to your August 18, 2008 cover letter and accompanying revised monitoring plans for the Alternatives Hydropower Project, located on the Mumford River in Worcester County, Massachusetts. The Run of River and Water Quality Monitoring Plans are required pursuant to mandatory terms and conditions set by this office and the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife.

We have reviewed the revised plans and they appear to address all of the recommendations we provided in our July 16, 2008 letter commenting on the draft plans. Please consider the revised plans as approved by this office for the purpose of fulfilling the pertinent Section 30(c) conditions of the Exemption from Licensing permit for the Alternatives Project.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment. If you have any questions or require further information, please contact Melissa Grader of this office at (413) 548-8002, extension 124.

Sincerely yours,

Michael J. Amaral

Acting Supervisor

New England Field Office

Cc: Alternatives Unlimited 54 Douglas Road

Whitinsville, MA 01586

FERC, Secretary FERC/DHAC

MA DFW, Caleb Slater MA DEP, Bob Kubit

MA Audubon, Donna Williams

Reading File

ES: MGrader:9-18-08:(603)223-2541



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE New England Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, New Hampshire 03301-5087 http://www.fws.gov/northeast/newenglandfieldoffice

REF: FERC No. 12608

Alternatives Unlimited

July 16, 2008

Kathleen D. Hervol Beals and Thomas, Inc. Reservoir Corporate Center 144 Turnpike Road (Route 9) Southborough, MA 01772

Dear Ms. Hervol:

This responds to your June 23, 2008, cover letter and accompanying draft Run-of-River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan (ROR Plan) and draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan (WQ Plan) for the Alternatives Hydropower Project, located on the Mumford River in Worcester County, Massachusetts. The plans are required pursuant to mandatory terms and conditions set by this office and the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife (MA DFW). We have reviewed the draft plans and have the following comments.

1. ROR PLAN PROPOSAL

Monitoring System

Alternatives Unlimited (Alternatives) proposes to equip the project with a pond leveling device to accurately match the turbine conditions with flow conditions. When inflow becomes too low for efficient operation, the units [sic] will drop off-line. The required spill (0.1 feet) will be monitored using a staff gauge that will be mounted on the southern abutting concrete foundation, immediately downstream of the intake.

Data Collection

All data collected will be compiled on a spreadsheet and maintained for inspection by this office, the MA DFW, and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

COMMENTS

The draft ROR Plan submitted to us lacks sufficient detail. We suggest that Alternatives use the attached plan (Appendix A) as a guide for the components that should be included in the ROR Plan. Below are some specific points that should be addressed in any revised plan submitted for our review:

- Throughout the plan, Alternatives uses the term "bypass" to describe the generating equipment. This terminology is confusing and should be changed, as resource agencies typically use that word to describe the reach of river between the dam and the tailrace discharge.
- The pond leveling device should be described in more detail. In general, new projects typically propose to use headpond level sensors in combination with a Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) and full SCADA controls. This type of system allows for the continuous, closed loop automatic adjustment of the turbine wicket gates and runner blade positions to maintain a specified water level that should ensure run-of-river operation and the required spillway discharge are continuously maintained.
- If a sensor/PLC/SCADA system will be used, the plan will need to specify the target water surface elevations for the Start, Run, and Stop settings of the control system. According to the draft plan, the top-of-boards elevation is 285.1 feet NAVD. In order to meet the spillway discharge condition, the headpond would need to be maintained at or above 285.2 feet NAVD (this elevation may need to be increased depending on the accuracy and operational tolerances of the equipment).
- The plan should contain a discussion of how the monitoring equipment will be calibrated and maintained.
- It appears that Alternatives proposes to manually record turbine discharge and staff gauge readings, then enter them into a spreadsheet that would be available for agency inspection. The staff gauge would be read weekly, while no frequency is specified for taking turbine discharge measurements. Reading and recording measurements at any interval greater than hourly is unacceptable. Typically, PLC-SCADA systems will automatically read and record water surface elevation and station generation at 15- or 30-minute intervals by a datalogger. The automation system does not directly measure turbine or spillway flow; rating curves are used to convert generation (in kW) to turbine flow, and water level elevations are used to calculate spillway discharge. We strongly recommend that Alternatives adopt this type of system (i.e., automatic, electronic, computer-based).
- By letter dated May 16, 2006, we provided mandatory Terms and Conditions for the project. Condition 4 mandates a procedure for refilling the impoundment after any drawdown to perform maintenance activities (including flashboard replacement) or for emergency purposes. The subject plan should contain a discussion of the protocol that will be followed to ensure compliance with Condition 4.
- The implementation schedule should specify when the pond leveling device will be installed.

2. WQ PLAN PROPOSAL

Sampling Protocol

Alternatives will measure water temperature, pH and conductivity at three locations (headpond, tailwater, and tailrace) during low flow conditions on four occasions (two during dry weather and two after rain events) during July and August. During those sampling events, Alternatives also will collect samples for laboratory analysis of dissolved oxygen (DO) and total suspended solids. This protocol will be followed before the project goes on-line to determine baseline conditions, and then again after the project starts generating to assess if project operations are adversely affecting water quality.

Data Organization

All data collected will be compiled on a spreadsheet that compares the results for both the preand post-construction sampling rounds.

COMMENTS

While we have no objections to the proposed water quality monitoring plan, below we provide comments on the protocol:

- The draft plan does not specify the time of day the samples will be taken. We recommend collecting water samples for DO analysis in the early morning (i.e., before 8:00 a.m.).
- Because our primary interest is to assess the project's impact on water quality, all post-project measurements/samples should be taken during a period when inflow is low, but within the hydraulic capacity of the unit (i.e., only the minimum spill is being discharged over the dam).
- The plan does not describe how monitoring results will be distributed to the resource
 agencies. We recommend that a draft Water Quality Monitoring Report be provided to this
 office, the MA DFW and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection within
 three months of completing the post-project sampling.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment. If you have any questions regarding these comments, please contact Melissa Grader of this office at (413) 548-8002, extension 124.

Sincerely yours,

Martha B. Naley Acting Supervisor

New England Field Office

Martha B Naley

Enclosure

Alternatives Unlimited
54 Douglas Road
Whitinsville, MA 01586
FERC, Secretary
FERC/DHAC
MA DFW, Caleb Slater
MA DEP, Bob Kubit
MA Audubon, Donna Williams
Reading File

ES: MGrader:7-16-08:(603)223-2541



Division of Fisheries & Wildlife

Wayne F. MacCallum, Director

June 27, 2008

Kimberly D. Bose, Secretary Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 888 First Street, N.E. Washington, DC 20426

RE: Alternatives Hydro Project FERC No. 12608 Comment on Draft Run-of-River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan Comment on Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan

Dear Secretary Bose,

The Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife (Division) is the agency responsible for the protection and management of the fish and wildlife resources of the Commonwealth. As such we monitor operations at hydroelectric projects within the Commonwealth. The Division has the following comments in response to the "Draft Run-of-River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan" and "Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan", submitted on June 23, 2008 by Alternatives Unlimited Hydro Project (P-12608), Mumford River, Northbridge, Massachusetts.

Background

An Exemption from Licensing for the Alternatives Project was issued on December 8, 2006. The authorized facilities at the project include: (1) the 127-foot-long Ring Shop Dam consisting of a concrete 9.5-foot-high spillway with a crest elevation of 282.6 feet North American Vertical Datum (NAVD), topped with 2.5-foot-high flashboards (2) a 2-acre reservoir with a water surface elevation of 285.2 feet NAVD (This elevation is consistent with the U.S. Department of the Interior section 30(c) condition to maintain a minimum of 0.1 foot (1.2 inches) of spill over the spillway year round) (3) an 8-foot-wide headgate intake structure with trashracks; (4) a concrete support structure housing a 6-footdiameter, 24-foot-long penstock; (7) three cross flow turbine generating units with a total installed capacity of 45 kW.

An order amending this exemption was issued on March 21, 2008. The amendment allows the Alternatives to install one 47-kW semi-Kaplan turbine generating unit instead of installing three 15-kW cross flow turbine generating units, as authorized in the exemption. The maximum hydraulic capacity of the project has been decreased from 90

www.masswildlife.org

cubic feet per second (cfs) to 70 cfs, and the minimum hydraulic capacity has been increased from 18 cfs to 23.1 cfs.

Draft Run-of River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan

As directed by the Order Granting Exemption from Licensing, the Alternatives have filed a "Draft Run-of River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan". The Draft Plan states that the project will operate strictly Run-of-River, where outflow equals inflow on an instantaneous basis, and that a minimum of 0.1 foot (1.2 inches) of water will flow over the project spillway at all times. The draft plan proposes to monitor and record turbine flow. The Draft plan proposes that flow over the spillway will be visually monitored by a staff gauge installed on the dam crest with spill levels recorded weekly.

Comments

General

There seems to be some misunderstanding of the terminology being used. In the Draft Plan the Alternatives discuss monitoring the "Bypass Discharge". It is unclear if this refers to the turbine flow or the flow in the bypass reach. Flow through the turbine should be referred to as "turbine flow" while flow in the section of the river in between the dam and the tailrace should be referred to as "bypass reach flow".

Section 2.0

The draft plan lacks many important details. What is the "bypass structure" that will be equipped with a "pond leveling device"? What is this "pond leveling device"? How, exactly, will it "accurately match the turbine conditions with flow conditions"? How, exactly, will "all minimum stream flow conditions be maintained"? This project does not have a gate to deliver the minimum flow into the bypass reach, so I must assume that the "bypass structure" is the turbine head gate. Please describe the "pond leveling device" (physical description, proposed location, accuracy). I would propose the use of an electronic transducer located just up stream of the dam to continuously monitor the water surface elevation in the project reservoir. This transducer must be connected to the turbine gates via a Programmable Logic Control Unit (PLC)- both must have a level of accuracy and precision which will maintain a water surface elevation of at least 285.2 feet NAVD in the project reservoir (This elevation is consistent with the U.S. Department of the Interior section 30(c) condition to maintain a minimum of 0.1 foot (1.2 inches) of spill over the spillway year round). A properly programmed PLC system will open and close the turbine gates in order to maintain the minimum project reservoir water surface elevation. Maintaining this minimum reservoir water surface elevation will ensure both Run-of River operation and delivery if the required bypass reach flow. Electronic records of the water surface elevation and turbine gate settings should be saved to a database at least hourly.

Section 3.1

The Draft Plan proposes installing a staff gauge on the project spillway and reporting gauge readings weekly. Daily (or more frequent) manual monitoring would be useful as a ground truth for the hourly electronic water surface elevation data collected by the transducer in the project reservoir and will help the project operators fine tune the PLC to

be sure that the minimum flow requirements are met during the first few months of operation. Weekly visual monitoring of spillway water elevations is not sufficient by itself to meet the exemption requirements for Run-of-River operation and Minimum Flow monitoring.

Section 3.2

This section should refer to "turbine flow" rather than "bypass discharge flow". Please describe what parameters of turbine operation will be monitored and recorded (flow, gate setting, and/or generation). As described previously- these parameters should be recorded at least hourly and paired with reservoir water surface elevation data.

Section 4.0

Data collected should include hourly water surface elevation of the project reservoir paired with hourly turbine data (gate settings, flow, and/or generation). This data should be stored in an electronic data base and be available for inspection.

Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan

As directed by the Order Granting Exemption from Licensing, the Alternatives have filed a "Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan". The Draft Plan describes how the project owner will sample water quality parameters (temperature, pH, conductivity, dissolved oxygen, and total suspended solids) at three locations (project impoundment, bypass reach, and below project tailrace) during the first summer after the project begins to generate.

Comments

General

The Draft Plan is acceptable; the Division expects that the MA DEP may have more specific comments.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment.

Sincerely,

Caleb Slater, Ph.D.

Anadromous Fish Project Leader

alel Kela

cc Bob Kubit, MADEP

Melissa Grater, USFWS

Kathleen Hervol, Beals and Thomas, Inc.



Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Division of Fisheries & Wildlife

Wayne F. MacCallum, Director

August 27, 2008

Kathleen Hervol Beals and Thomas, INC. Reservoir Corporate Center 144 Turnpikr Road (Route 9) Southborough, MA 01772

RE: Alternatives Hydro Project
FERC No. 12608
Comment on Draft Run-of-River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan
Comment on Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan

Dear Secretary Bose,

The Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife (Division) is the agency responsible for the protection and management of the fish and wildlife resources of the Commonwealth. As such we monitor operations at hydroelectric projects within the Commonwealth. The Division has the following comments in response to the draft "Run-of-River Monitoring Plan" and draft "Water Quality Monitoring Plan", submitted on August 18, 2008 by Alternatives Unlimited Hydro Project (P-12608), Mumford River, Northbridge, Massachusetts.

Background

An Exemption from Licensing for the Alternatives Project was issued on December 8, 2006. The authorized facilities at the project include: (1) the 127-foot-long Ring Shop Dam consisting of a concrete 9.5-foot-high spillway with a crest elevation of 282.6 feet North American Vertical Datum (NAVD), topped with 2.5-foot-high flashboards (2) a 2-acre reservoir with a water surface elevation of 285.2 feet NAVD (This elevation is consistent with the U.S. Department of the Interior section 30(c) condition to maintain a minimum of 0.1 foot (1.2 inches) of spill over the spillway year round) (3) an 8-foot-wide headgate intake structure with trashracks; (4) a concrete support structure housing a 6-footdiameter, 24-foot-long penstock; (7) three cross flow turbine generating units with a total installed capacity of 45 kW.

An order amending this exemption was issued on March 21, 2008. The amendment allows the Alternatives to install one 47-kW semi-Kaplan turbine generating unit instead of installing three 15-kW cross flow turbine generating units, as authorized in the exemption. The maximum hydraulic capacity of the project has been decreased from 90 cubic feet per second (cfs) to 70 cfs, and the minimum hydraulic capacity has been increased from 18 cfs to 23.1 cfs.

Draft Run-of River Monitoring Plan

As directed by the Order Granting Exemption from Licensing, the Alternatives have filed a draft "Run-of River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan". The Draft Plan states that the project will operate strictly Run-of-River, where outflow equals inflow on an instantaneous basis, and that a minimum of 0.1 foot (1.2 inches) of water will flow over the project spillway at all times.

Comments

www.masswildlife.org

General

The Draft Plan is acceptable. In the final draft the water surface elevation datum sited should be consistent (NAVD or NGVD) or both should be used to avoid confusion. In section 1.0 the project impoundment water surface minimum elevation is described in both NGVD (284.6 feet) and NAVD (286.2 feet). In section 1.1 it is described only in NAVD (286.2 feet), then in the next section (2.0) it is only described in NAVD (286.2 feet) only, this cross reference allows the casual reader to assume that the project impoundment will be drawn down 6 inches (the difference between the two measurements) when in fact they are referring to the same elevation.

The final plan should reference the river flow at which the inflatable flashboards will deflate to allow maximum spillway capacity to pass this high flow and at what river flow they will re-inflate to maintain the project impoundment minimum surface elevation.

Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan

As directed by the Order Granting Exemption from Licensing, the Alternatives have filed a "Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan". The Draft Plan describes how the project owner will sample water quality parameters (temperature, pH, conductivity, dissolved oxygen, and total suspended solids) at three locations (project impoundment, bypass reach, and below project tailrace) during the first summer after the project begins to generate.

Comments

General

The Draft Plan is acceptable; the Division expects that the MA DEP may have more specific comments.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment.

alel Keliz

Sincerely,

Caleb Slater, Ph.D.

Anadromous Fish Project Leader

cc

Bob Kubit, MADEP Melissa Grater, USFWS



COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF ENERGY & ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Division of Watershed Management, 627 Main Street 2nd Floor, Worcester, MA 01608

DEVAL L. PATRICK Governor

TIMOTHY P. MURRAY Lieutenant Governor IAN A. BOWLES Secretary

LAURIE BURT Commissioner

Kathleen Hervol, Project Manager Beals and Thomas, Inc. 144 Turnpike Road Southborough MA 01772-2104

September 10, 2008

Re: Alternatives Hydropower Project FERC Project #12608

Dear Ms. Hervol,

The Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (the Department) would like to add comments to the draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan dated August 18, 2008 for the Alternatives Hydropower Project (FERC Project #12608), located on the Mumford River in Northbridge, Massachusetts.

1. Dry weather should be defined as no precipitation 24 hours before the sample is taken.

2. I recommend not sampling after rain events. By doing so, it becomes very difficult to duplicate sampling conditions from one year to the next when considering factors such as rain intensity and time of concentration. Comparing pre-construction to post-construction samples is valid when collected under the same conditions.

3. The statement "A sample must be collected and transported to the laboratory to measure dissolved oxygen" is not true. Dissolved oxygen could be measured with a properly calibrated water quality meter. To be clear, the proposed method in the plan is adequate.

If you have any questions, please cail me at 508/767-2854.

Sincerely,

Robert Kubit, P.E.

Environmental Engineer

Cc:Caleb Slater/MADFW Melissa Grader/USFWS

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

Alternatives Unlimited, Inc.

Project No. 12608-009

ORDER APPROVING RUN-OF-RIVER MONITORING PLAN PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 21

(Issued December 12, 2008)

On October 14, 2008, Alternatives Unlimited, Inc. (exemptee) filed its Run-of-River Monitoring Plan for the exempted Alternatives Project. The project is located on the Mumford River in Worcester County, Massachusetts.

EXEMPTION REQUIREMENTS

Article 21 of the Order Granting Exemption from Licensing (5 MW or less), issued December 8, 2006, lists several plans to be filled for Commission approval that are required as part of the terms and conditions issued by the U.S. Department of the Interior (USDOI) and the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife (MDFW) (collectively: agencies) and are contained in Appendices A and B of the December 2006 order. In article 21, the Commission reserved the right to make changes to any plan submitted and required that the exemptee not implement any plan unless notified by the Commission that the plan has been approved. Upon Commission approval the plan becomes a requirement of the exemption from licensing and the exemptee is required to implement the plan or changes in project operations or facilities, including any changes required by the Commission.

Condition no. 3 of Appendix A and no. 2 of Appendix B require the exemptee to develop and file a plan for maintaining and monitoring run-of-river operation and spillway flows at the project. The plan is to include a description of the mechanisms and structures that will be used, the level of automatic operation, the methods to be used for recording data on run-of-river operation, an implementation schedule, and a plan for maintaining the data for inspection by the agencies and the Comraission.

Project No. 12608-009

~

EXEMPTEE'S PLAN

monitoring system will be comprised of an electronic transducer and programmable logic spillway of the project dam, called the Ring Shop dam, with a top-of-boards elevation of The exemptee's plan provides that flashboard risers will be installed on top of the 285.1 feet (ft) North American Vertical Datum (NAVD). The water surface elevation of all-pneumatic water level controller to maintain a constant upstream pool elevation. The controller (PLC) with full Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) controls. automatically or that can be set for local manual control. The control system will use an will be maintained. The PLC will be programmed to open and close the turbine gates in runner blade position such that required bypass reach flow and water surface elevation This system will allow for continuous closed loop adjustment of the turbine gates and NAVD, the turbine gates will close so that all flow will be directed over the spillway. the headpond will be maintained at elevation 285.2 ft NAVD, thereby discharging a instantaneously, with readings averaged and recorded at one-hour intervals by a data The SCADA will directly measure headpond elevation as well as station generation, order to maintain the headpond and, when the headpond elevation drops to 285.2 ft logger. All data will be stored and available for inspection by the agencies and the flashboards are supplied with a control system that will maintain pond level either minimum of 0.1 feet of flow over the entire length of the spillway at all times. Commission. The plan also provides measures to be implemented for headpond draw down and refilling during periods when draw down of the headpond is required for maintenance activities or for emergency purposes. During routine maintenance, the flashboards will be lowered in 6-inch increments at 20 minute intervals. Once the flashboards are down, a low level outlet can be opened to stop flow over the spillway crest, equalizing the impoundment level several inches below the crest. During refilling of the impoundment, 90 percent of the instantaneous inflow to the impoundment will be released to the bypass reach or turbine, such that a minimum flow to the bypass reach is met at all times. Once the flashboards are raised, the low level outlet will be closed in 6-inch increments over 20 minute intervals. Full closure of the outlet will not occur until water is flowing over the flashboards. During non-routine draw down of the impoundment (such as for emergency purposes), the exemptee will contact the Town of Northbridge Conservation Commission, arrange for members of the Commission to observe the situation, and then initiate the drawdown sequence. Finally the plan notes that the transducer and staff gages will be installed a minimum of one-month prior to the opening of the turbine gates.

CONSULTATION

On August 18, 2008, the exemptee provided a revised draft run-of-river monitoring plan for review to the USDOI and MDFW. The USDOI and MDFW in

^{1 117} FERC ¶ 62, 219 (2006)

144 Turnpike Road (Route 9) Reservoir Corporate Center Kathleen D Hervol BEALS & THOMAS, INC

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WASHINGTON D.C.

3

letters dated September 18, 2008, and August 27, 2008, respectively, concurred with the final plan.

DISCUSSION/CONCLUSION

The exemptee's filing includes the details of its run-of-river operation and how requirement of Article 21 of the Order Granting Exemption from Licensing (5 MW or loss), innued December 8, 2006. The licensee's run-of-river monitoring plan, filed on October 14, 2008, should therefore be approved. developed with the requisite consultation with the USDOI and MDFW and meets the flow monitoring will be implemented at the Alternatives Project. The plan was

The Directors orders:

- Alternatives Project, filed on October 14, 2008, pursuant to Article 21 of the Order Granting Exemption from Licensing (5 MW or less), issued December 8, 2006, is (A) Alternatives Unlimited, Inc.'s Run-of-River Monitoring Plan for the approved,
- Commission may be filed within 30 days of the date of issuance of this order, pursuant to (B) This order constitutes final agency action. Requests for rehearing by the 18 CFR § 385.713.

Division of Hydropower Administration Chief, Biologicai Resources Branch and Compliance

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Southborough MA 01772-2104

P-12608

20426

Low Impact Hydropower Questionnaire

B. Water Quality

MASS DEP Water Quality Standards Letter
401 Water Quality
Certification Waiver Letter

Water Quality Monitoring Plan (with MA DFW and US FWS Review Letters) FERC Order Approving Run of River Monitoring Plan



COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF ENERGY & ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Division of Watershed Management, 627 Main Street 2nd Floor, Worcester, MA 01608

DEVAL L. PATRICK Governor

TIMOTHY P. MURRAY Lieutenant Governor IAN A. BOWLES Secretary

LAURIE BURT Commissioner

Kathleen Hervol Beals and Thomas, Inc. 144 Turnpike Road Southborough MA 01772-2104 December 22, 2009

Re: Alternatives Unlimited Hydro Low Impact Hydro Certification FERC Project #12608

Dear Ms. Hervol,

The Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection is in receipt of your December 22, 2009 email requesting written confirmation that the above referenced project meets the MA Water Quality Standards.

It is the Department's opinion that the Alternatives Unlimited Hydro Project, FERC Project #12608 does meet MA Water Quality Standards.

If you have any questions, please call me at 508/767-2854.

Sincerely,

Robert Kubit, P.E.

Environmental Engineer

Cc: Caleb Slater, MADFW



MITT ROMNEY Governor

KERRY HEALEY Lieutenant Governor

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Division of Watershed Management, 627 Main Street 2nd Floor, Worcester, MA 01608

STEPHEN R. PRITCHARD Secretary

ROBERT W. GOLLEDGE, Jr. Commissioner

Kathleen Hervol, Project Manager Beals and Thomas, Inc. 144 Turnpike Road Southborough MA 01772-2104

August 5, 2005

Re: Alternatives Unlimited Hydro Project

Dear Ms. Hervol,

The Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (the Department) is in receipt of your June 21, 2005 letter requesting reconsideration of the requirement for State 401 Water Quality Certification for this project.

After consultation with the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife, it is the opinion of the Department that the requirement for State 401 Water Quality Certification for this project be waived. This decision is based primarily upon the location of the project and the inclusion of needed water quality based conditions in the FERC exemption.

Please note the Department is waiving the requirement to obtain a 401 for this project only and retains the option to require a 401 for any other exemption application.

If you have any questions, please call me at 508/767-2854.

Sincerely,

Robert Kubit, P.E.

Environmental Engineer

Cc: Philip Ingersoll-Mahoney, Alternatives Unlimited

Caleb Slater, MADFW

Robert Kimball, MADEP, CERO

Edward Lee, FERC

Reservoir Corporate Center 144 Tumpike Road (Route 9) Southborough, Massachusetts 01772-2104 Tel. 508-366-0560 Fax: 508-366-4391 mail@btiweb.com http://www.btiweb.com

June 21, 2005

Mr. Robert Kubit, PE
Commonwealth of Massachusetts
Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Wastewater Management
627 Main Street, 2nd Floor
Worcester, MA 01608

Via:

U. S. Mail

Reference:

Comments to Initial Consultation Meeting

Alternatives Unlimited Hydro Project

Northbridge, Massachusetts BTI Project No. 0968.07

Dear Mr. Kubit:

As discussed, please find enclosed the revised turbine locations plans for the Alternatives Hydro Project for your review. Note that the turbines are now proposed to be located on the downstream side of the waste gate adjacent to the Mumford River and not under the existing mill complex as originally presented. This change was due to structural concerns with the existing tailrace, which runs under the mill buildings.

Based on these revised plans, we are requesting that you reconsider your requirement for a State 401 Water Quality Certification for this project. Under this scenario, the low flow concerns at the base of the dam would be eliminated. As discussed at the December 16, 2004 Initial Consultation meeting, the Department of Fisheries and Wildlife, as well as yourself, indicated concerns of a stagnant pool developing at the base of the dam, since the water would be diverted through the existing tailrace further downstream. With the turbines now proposed to be located at the base of the dam, the turbines will discharge water directly at the base of the dam therefore replenishing the pool and not impacting the water quality. Note that Alternatives still plans to allow a small amount of water to come over the flashboards (dam) for aesthetic purposes.

Although you have indicated the 401 Water Quality Certification process should be fairly straight forward. Please note that this state permit will require this project to file an ENF under the MEPA process, thus putting more financial burden on Alternatives, which as you know is a non-profit organization. Also based on our discussion with FERC, a 401 Water Quality Certification is not required for an Exemption from Licensing. Based on your letter dated January 21, 2005, it is our understanding that your office requested an interpretation for FERC regarding this matter, but have not received an official response as yet.

Mr. Robert Kubit, PE Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Division of Wastewater Management June 21, 2005 Page 2

We appreciate your consideration in this matter. Please do not hesitate to call should you have any comments or questions.

Very truly yours,

BEALS AND THOMAS, INC.

Kathlen D. Hewal

Kathleen D. Hervol

Project Manager

cc:

Philip Ingersoll-Mahoney, Alternatives Unlimited Caleb Slater, Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Division of Fisheries & Wildlife Edward Lee, FERC

Attachments

KDH/cp/096807LT023

Water Quality Monitoring Plan

The Alternatives Hydro Power Project Mumford River (FERC Project # 12608-00)

Town of Northbridge (Village of Whitinsville) County of Worcester, Massachusetts

Presented to:

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 888 First Street, N.E. Washington, DC 20426

Presented by:

Beals and Thomas, Inc. Reservoir Corporate Center 144 Turnpike Road Southborough, MA 01772

On Behalf of:

Alternatives Unlimited, Inc. 54 Douglas Road Whitinsville, MA 01586

October 7, 2008

Northbridge, Massachusetts 0968100T001A

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FIGURE 1: WATER QUALITY SAMPLING LOCATIONS

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: COMMENT LETTERS

APPENDIX B: DATA COLLECTION SPREADSHEETS

APPENDIX C: LABORATORY ANALYSIS DOCUMENTATION

Northbridge, Massachusetts

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Alternatives Unlimited (Alternatives) hydroelectric project is located on the Mumford River in the Town of Northbridge, Village of Whitinsville, Massachusetts. The Project Dam was constructed in 1941 and is called Ring Shop Dam. The dam consists of a right concrete abutment with a low level outlet and a left concrete abutment with a hydro-plant intake; a concrete ogee spillway connects the two abutments.

Alternatives will install one 47 kW Kaplan Turbine at the base of the Project Dam. The turbine will be a Hll-H Automatically Adjustable Semi-Kaplan, which produces between 15 and 47 kW, depending on the flow conditions of the river. The Project is to be operated strictly "Run-of-River," meaning inflow will equal outflow.

This Water Quality Monitoring Plan (the Plan) was prepared in consultation with the Massachusetts Department of Fish and Wildlife and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service as required by Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), in their Order Granting Exemption from Licensing (the Order). The purpose of the Plan is to determine if project operations are adversely affecting the water quality in the area immediately below the Project Dam.

2.0 METHODOLOGY

2.1 Sampling Locations and Frequency

A total of three (3) surface water-sampling locations are proposed, one upstream of the dam and two downstream of the Project Dam. The first water sampling location (SW-1) is located near the south bank of the river, upstream of the turbine intake. SW-2 is located on the north side of the river, downstream of the Project Dam apron, while SW-3 is located on the south side of the river, directly downstream of the tailrace. Figure 1 depicts the surface water sampling locations. Samples will be collected in early morning (before 8:00 a.m.).

All sampling will occur during July and August to identify baseline conditions upstream and downstream of the Project Dam during low-flow conditions. At a minimum, two separate samples will be collected during dry weather. Dry weather is defined as no precipitation 24 hours prior to the sample collection time.

In the summer immediately following project completion, the same sampling protocol will be repeated to determine the effect of the project on the Mumford River water quality. To best determine the impact of the project on water quality, post-project samples will be taken during a period when inflow is low (i.e. when only the minimum spill is being discharged over the dam).

Water quality is not anticipated to change notably from the pre-construction to post-construction observations. However, should there be a noted difference, additional

Northbridge, Massachusetts 0968100T001

sampling may be undertaken, and further actions necessary to improve post-project conditions will be identified.

2.2 Sample Collection and Analysis

The Mumford River is designated as a Class B Stream, which provides habitat for fish, other aquatic life and wildlife, and for primary and secondary contact recreation. It is further classified as a warm-water river. The Department of Environmental Protection 303(d) List has identified the following pollutants as stressors in the river: pH, organic enrichment, low dissolved oxygen (DO), and pathogens. Based on these pollutants and the possible affects that the new turbine in the Project Dam may have on water quality, the following list of monitoring parameters was developed:

Parameter	Testing Method					
Water Temperature	On-site with Water Quality Meter					
pН	On-site with Water Quality Meter					
Conductivity	On-site with Water Quality Meter					
Dissolved Oxygen	Laboratory Analysis					
Total Suspended Solids	Laboratory Analysis					

As shown in the table above, several of these parameters can be measured on-site using a water quality meter provided by a certified laboratory. However, a sample must be collected and transported to the laboratory total suspended solids levels. Dissolved oxygen may be measured on-site with a properly calibrated water quality meter, or tested for at the laboratory. The Bottle Inversion Method, described below, will be utilized to collect surface water samples:

- 1. Prior to collecting the laboratory sample, a water quality meter will test the pH, temperature, and conductivity of the river water at the sample location.
- 2. A clean sample bottle provided by the laboratory will be secured to the end of a telescoping extension rod using a beaker clamp. The bottle cap will not be removed until just prior to sampling.
- 3. While standing on the bank of the stream or river, the rod will be extended out over the water and the sample bottle will be lowered just below the water surface. Care will be taken to not disturb the underlying sediment.
- 4. After the bottle is capped, a sample label and custody seal will be attached to the bottle and the bottle immediately placed into an ice-packed cooler.
- 5. A record of every sample collected will be maintained, and every bottle will be clearly marked with a waterproof label. The field record will provide positive sample identification as well as the name of the sample collector, the date, time and exact location of the sample collection point, and results of all field water

Northbridge, Massachusetts 0968100T001

- quality measurements. Other information such as weather and stream-flow conditions will also be noted.
- 6. The collected samples will be transported to a certified laboratory in a cooler at a temperature of 4 degrees Celsius. The total time between sample collection and laboratory drop-off will be less than 1 day.

Water quality at the site will be monitored until the requirements of the Order are satisfied.

3.0 DATA ORGANIZATION

Two Data Collection Spreadsheets are included with this Water Quality Monitoring Plan in Appendix A to compile the data collected during the water quality testing. The first spreadsheet is to be used to present the testing results for a single sampling event, while the second spreadsheet compares the results for both the pre- and post-construction sampling rounds. Copies of laboratory analysis documentation will be included in Appendix B as it is received.

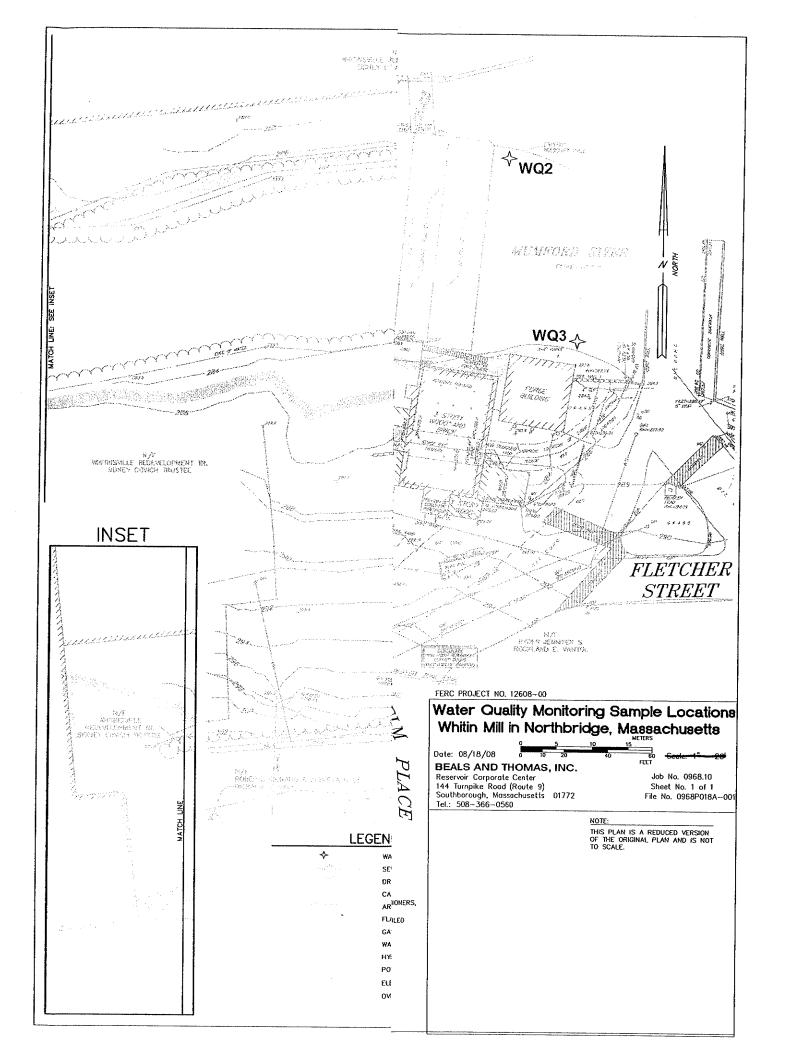
Within three months of the post-project water quality sampling, a draft Water Quality Monitoring Report will be compiled and provided to the Massachusetts Department of Fish and Wildlife and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection.

4.0 AGENCY CONSULTATION

A draft of this plan was provided to MA DFW and US FWS. Comment letters were received and are contained in Appendix A.

FIGURES

Figure 1: Water Quality Sampling Locations



APPENDICES

Appendix A

Comment Letters



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE New England Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, New Hampshire 03301-5087 http://www.fws.gov/northeast/newenglandfieldoffice

REF: FERC No. 12608

Alternatives Unlimited

September 18, 2008

Kathleen D. Hervol Beals and Thomas, Inc. Reservoir Corporate Center 144 Turnpike Road (Route 9) Southborough, MA 01772

Dear Ms. Hervol:

This responds to your August 18, 2008 cover letter and accompanying revised monitoring plans for the Alternatives Hydropower Project, located on the Mumford River in Worcester County. Massachusetts. The Run of River and Water Quality Monitoring Plans are required pursuant to mandatory terms and conditions set by this office and the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife.

We have reviewed the revised plans and they appear to address all of the recommendations we provided in our July 16, 2008 letter commenting on the draft plans. Please consider the revised plans as approved by this office for the purpose of fulfilling the pertinent Section 30(c) conditions of the Exemption from Licensing permit for the Alternatives Project.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment. If you have any questions or require further information, please contact Melissa Grader of this office at (413) 548-8002, extension 124.

Sincerely yours,

Michael J. Amaral
Acting Supervisor
New England

New England Field Office

Cc: Alternatives Unlimited 54 Douglas Road

Whitinsville, MA 01586

FERC, Secretary FERC/DHAC

MA DFW, Caleb Slater MA DEP, Bob Kubit

MA Audubon, Donna Williams

Reading File

ES: MGrader:9-18-08:(603)223-2541



COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF ENERGY & ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Division of Watershed Management, 627 Main Street 2nd Floor, Worcester, MA 01608

DEVAL L. PATRICK Governor

TIMOTHY P. MURRAY Lieutenant Governor IAN A. BOWLES Secretary

LAURIE BURT Commissioner

Kathleen Hervol, Project Manager Beals and Thomas, Inc. 144 Turnpike Road Southborough MA 01772-2104 September 10, 2008

Re: Alternatives Hydropower Project FERC Project #12608

Dear Ms. Hervol,

The Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (the Department) would like to add comments to the draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan dated August 18, 2008 for the Alternatives Hydropower Project (FERC Project #12608), located on the Mumford River in Northbridge, Massachusetts.

- 1. Dry weather should be defined as no precipitation 24 hours before the sample is taken.
- 2. I recommend not sampling after rain events. By doing so, it becomes very difficult to duplicate sampling conditions from one year to the next when considering factors such as rain intensity and time of concentration. Comparing pre-construction to post-construction samples is valid when collected under the same conditions.
- 3. The statement "A sample must be collected and transported to the laboratory to measure dissolved oxygen" is not true. Dissolved oxygen could be measured with a properly calibrated water quality meter. To be clear, the proposed method in the plan is adequate.

If you have any questions, please call me at 508/767-2854.

Sincerely.

Robert Kubit, P.E.

Environmental Engineer

Cc:Caleb Slater/MADFW Melissa Grader/USFWS



Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Division of Fisheries & Wildlife

Wayne F. MacCallum, Director

August 27, 2008

Kathleen Hervol Beals and Thomas, INC. Reservoir Corporate Center 144 Turnpikr Road (Route 9) Southborough, MA 01772

RE: Alternatives Hydro Project
FERC No. 12608
Comment on Draft Run-of-River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan
Comment on Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan

Dear Secretary Bose,

The Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife (Division) is the agency responsible for the protection and management of the fish and wildlife resources of the Commonwealth. As such we monitor operations at hydroelectric projects within the Commonwealth. The Division has the following comments in response to the draft "Run-of-River Monitoring Plan" and draft "Water Quality Monitoring Plan", submitted on August 18, 2008 by Alternatives Unlimited Hydro Project (P-12608), Mumford River, Northbridge, Massachusetts.

Background

An Exemption from Licensing for the Alternatives Project was issued on December 8, 2006. The authorized facilities at the project include: (1) the 127-foot-long Ring Shop Dam consisting of a concrete 9.5-foot-high spillway with a crest elevation of 282.6 feet North American Vertical Datum (NAVD), topped with 2.5-foot-high flashboards (2) a 2-acre reservoir with a water surface elevation of 285.2 feet NAVD (This elevation is consistent with the U.S. Department of the Interior section 30(c) condition to maintain a minimum of 0.1 foot (1.2 inches) of spill over the spillway year round) (3) an 8-foot-wide headgate intake structure with trashracks; (4) a concrete support structure housing a 6-footdiameter, 24-foot-long penstock; (7) three cross flow turbine generating units with a total installed capacity of 45 kW.

An order amending this exemption was issued on March 21, 2008. The amendment allows the Alternatives to install one 47-kW semi-Kaplan turbine generating unit instead of installing three 15-kW cross flow turbine generating units, as authorized in the exemption. The maximum hydraulic capacity of the project has been decreased from 90 cubic feet per second (cfs) to 70 cfs, and the minimum hydraulic capacity has been increased from 18 cfs to 23.1 cfs.

Draft Run-of River Monitoring Plan

As directed by the Order Granting Exemption from Licensing, the Alternatives have filed a draft "Run-of River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan". The Draft Plan states that the project will operate strictly Run-of-River, where outflow equals inflow on an instantaneous basis, and that a minimum of 0.1 foot (1.2 inches) of water will flow over the project spillway at all times.

Comments

www.masswildlife.org

General

The Draft Plan is acceptable. In the final draft the water surface elevation datum sited should be consistent (NAVD or NGVD) or both should be used to avoid confusion. In section 1.0 the project impoundment water surface minimum elevation is described in both NGVD (284.6 feet) and NAVD (286.2 feet). In section 1.1 it is described only in NAVD (286.2 feet), then in the next section (2.0) it is only described in NAVD (286.2 feet) only, this cross reference allows the casual reader to assume that the project impoundment will be drawn down 6 inches (the difference between the two measurements) when in fact they are referring to the same elevation.

The final plan should reference the river flow at which the inflatable flashboards will deflate to allow maximum spillway capacity to pass this high flow and at what river flow they will re-inflate to maintain the project impoundment minimum surface elevation.

Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan

As directed by the Order Granting Exemption from Licensing, the Alternatives have filed a "Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan". The Draft Plan describes how the project owner will sample water quality parameters (temperature, pH, conductivity, dissolved oxygen, and total suspended solids) at three locations (project impoundment, bypass reach, and below project tailrace) during the first summer after the project begins to generate.

Comments

General

The Draft Plan is acceptable; the Division expects that the MA DEP may have more specific comments.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment.

Sincerely,

Caleb Slater, Ph.D.

Anadromous Fish Project Leader

cc

Bob Kubit, MADEP Melissa Grater, USFWS



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE New England Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, New Hampshire 03301-5087 http://www.fws.gov/northeast/newenglandfieldoffice

REF: FERC No. 12608

Alternatives Unlimited

July 16, 2008

Kathleen D. Hervol Beals and Thomas, Inc. Reservoir Corporate Center 144 Turnpike Road (Route 9) Southborough, MA 01772

Dear Ms. Hervol:

This responds to your June 23, 2008, cover letter and accompanying draft Run-of-River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan (ROR Plan) and draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan (WO Plan) for the Alternatives Hydropower Project, located on the Mumford River in Worcester County, Massachusetts. The plans are required pursuant to mandatory terms and conditions set by this office and the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife (MA DFW). We have reviewed the draft plans and have the following comments.

1. ROR PLAN

PROPOSAL

Monitoring System

Alternatives Unlimited (Alternatives) proposes to equip the project with a pond leveling device to accurately match the turbine conditions with flow conditions. When inflow becomes too low for efficient operation, the units [sic] will drop off-line. The required spill (0.1 feet) will be monitored using a staff gauge that will be mounted on the southern abutting concrete foundation, immediately downstream of the intake.

Data Collection

All data collected will be compiled on a spreadsheet and maintained for inspection by this office, the MA DFW, and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

COMMENTS

The draft ROR Plan submitted to us lacks sufficient detail. We suggest that Alternatives use the attached plan (Appendix A) as a guide for the components that should be included in the ROR Plan. Below are some specific points that should be addressed in any revised plan submitted for our review:

- Throughout the plan, Alternatives uses the term "bypass" to describe the generating equipment. This terminology is confusing and should be changed, as resource agencies typically use that word to describe the reach of river between the dam and the tailrace discharge.
- The pond leveling device should be described in more detail. In general, new projects
 typically propose to use headpond level sensors in combination with a Programmable Logic
 Controller (PLC) and full SCADA controls. This type of system allows for the continuous,
 closed loop automatic adjustment of the turbine wicket gates and runner blade positions to
 maintain a specified water level that should ensure run-of-river operation and the required
 spillway discharge are continuously maintained.
- If a sensor/PLC/SCADA system will be used, the plan will need to specify the target water surface elevations for the Start, Run, and Stop settings of the control system. According to the draft plan, the top-of-boards elevation is 285.1 feet NAVD. In order to meet the spillway discharge condition, the headpond would need to be maintained at or above 285.2 feet NAVD (this elevation may need to be increased depending on the accuracy and operational tolerances of the equipment).
- The plan should contain a discussion of how the monitoring equipment will be calibrated and maintained.
- It appears that Alternatives proposes to manually record turbine discharge and staff gauge readings, then enter them into a spreadsheet that would be available for agency inspection. The staff gauge would be read weekly, while no frequency is specified for taking turbine discharge measurements. Reading and recording measurements at any interval greater than hourly is unacceptable. Typically, PLC-SCADA systems will automatically read and record water surface elevation and station generation at 15- or 30-minute intervals by a datalogger. The automation system does not directly measure turbine or spillway flow; rating curves are used to convert generation (in kW) to turbine flow, and water level elevations are used to calculate spillway discharge. We strongly recommend that Alternatives adopt this type of system (i.e., automatic, electronic, computer-based).
- By letter dated May 16, 2006, we provided mandatory Terms and Conditions for the project. Condition 4 mandates a procedure for refilling the impoundment after any drawdown to perform maintenance activities (including flashboard replacement) or for emergency purposes. The subject plan should contain a discussion of the protocol that will be followed to ensure compliance with Condition 4.
- The implementation schedule should specify when the pond leveling device will be installed.

2. WQ PLAN

PROPOSAL

Sampling Protocol

Alternatives will measure water temperature, pH and conductivity at three locations (headpond, tailwater, and tailrace) during low flow conditions on four occasions (two during dry weather and two after rain events) during July and August. During those sampling events, Alternatives also will collect samples for laboratory analysis of dissolved oxygen (DO) and total suspended solids. This protocol will be followed before the project goes on-line to determine baseline conditions, and then again after the project starts generating to assess if project operations are adversely affecting water quality.

Data Organization

All data collected will be compiled on a spreadsheet that compares the results for both the preand post-construction sampling rounds.

COMMENTS

While we have no objections to the proposed water quality monitoring plan, below we provide comments on the protocol:

- The draft plan does not specify the time of day the samples will be taken. We recommend collecting water samples for DO analysis in the early morning (i.e., before 8:00 a.m.).
- Because our primary interest is to assess the project's impact on water quality, all post-project measurements/samples should be taken during a period when inflow is low, but within the hydraulic capacity of the unit (i.e., only the minimum spill is being discharged over the dam).
- The plan does not describe how monitoring results will be distributed to the resource agencies. We recommend that a draft Water Quality Monitoring Report be provided to this office, the MA DFW and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection within three months of completing the post-project sampling.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment. If you have any questions regarding these comments, please contact Melissa Grader of this office at (413) 548-8002, extension 124.

Sincerely yours,

Martha B. Naley Acting Supervisor

New England Field Office

Martha B Naley

Enclosure

Alternatives Unlimited
54 Douglas Road
Whitinsville, MA 01586
FERC, Secretary
FERC/DHAC
MA DFW, Caleb Slater
MA DEP, Bob Kubit

MA Audubon, Donna Williams

Reading File

ES: MGrader:7-16-08:(603)223-2541

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Division of Fisheries & Wildlife

Wayne F. MacCallum, Director

June 27, 2008

Kimberly D. Bose, Secretary Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 888 First Street, N.E. Washington, DC 20426

RE: Alternatives Hydro Project FERC No. 12608 Comment on Draft Run-of-River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan Comment on Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan

Dear Secretary Bose,

The Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife (Division) is the agency responsible for the protection and management of the fish and wildlife resources of the Commonwealth. As such we monitor operations at hydroelectric projects within the Commonwealth. The Division has the following comments in response to the "Draft Run-of-River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan" and "Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan", submitted on June 23, 2008 by Alternatives Unlimited Hydro Project (P-12608), Mumford River, Northbridge, Massachusetts.

Background

An Exemption from Licensing for the Alternatives Project was issued on December 8, 2006. The authorized facilities at the project include: (1) the 127-foot-long Ring Shop Dam consisting of a concrete 9.5-foot-high spillway with a crest elevation of 282.6 feet North American Vertical Datum (NAVD), topped with 2.5-foot-high flashboards (2) a 2-acre reservoir with a water surface elevation of 285.2 feet NAVD (This elevation is consistent with the U.S. Department of the Interior section 30(c) condition to maintain a minimum of 0.1 foot (1.2 inches) of spill over the spillway year round) (3) an 8-foot-wide headgate intake structure with trashracks; (4) a concrete support structure housing a 6-footdiameter, 24-foot-long penstock; (7) three cross flow turbine generating units with a total installed capacity of 45 kW.

An order amending this exemption was issued on March 21, 2008. The amendment allows the Alternatives to install one 47-kW semi-Kaplan turbine generating unit instead of installing three 15-kW cross flow turbine generating units, as authorized in the exemption. The maximum hydraulic capacity of the project has been decreased from 90

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cubic feet per second (cfs) to 70 cfs, and the minimum hydraulic capacity has been increased from 18 cfs to 23.1 cfs.

Draft Run-of River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan

As directed by the Order Granting Exemption from Licensing, the Alternatives have filed a "Draft Run-of River and Bypass Discharge Monitoring Plan". The Draft Plan states that the project will operate strictly Run-of-River, where outflow equals inflow on an instantaneous basis, and that a minimum of 0.1 foot (1.2 inches) of water will flow over the project spillway at all times. The draft plan proposes to monitor and record turbine flow. The Draft plan proposes that flow over the spillway will be visually monitored by a staff gauge installed on the dam crest with spill levels recorded weekly.

Comments

General

There seems to be some misunderstanding of the terminology being used. In the Draft Plan the Alternatives discuss monitoring the "Bypass Discharge". It is unclear if this refers to the turbine flow or the flow in the bypass reach. Flow through the turbine should be referred to as "turbine flow" while flow in the section of the river in between the dam and the tailrace should be referred to as "bypass reach flow".

Section 2.0

The draft plan lacks many important details. What is the "bypass structure" that will be equipped with a "pond leveling device"? What is this "pond leveling device"? How, exactly, will it "accurately match the turbine conditions with flow conditions"? How, exactly, will "all minimum stream flow conditions be maintained"? This project does not have a gate to deliver the minimum flow into the bypass reach, so I must assume that the "bypass structure" is the turbine head gate. Please describe the "pond leveling device" (physical description, proposed location, accuracy). I would propose the use of an electronic transducer located just up stream of the dam to continuously monitor the water surface elevation in the project reservoir. This transducer must be connected to the turbine gates via a Programmable Logic Control Unit (PLC)- both must have a level of accuracy and precision which will maintain a water surface elevation of at least 285.2 feet NAVD in the project reservoir (This elevation is consistent with the U.S. Department of the Interior section 30(c) condition to maintain a minimum of 0.1 foot (1.2 inches) of spill over the spillway year round). A properly programmed PLC system will open and close the turbine gates in order to maintain the minimum project reservoir water surface elevation. Maintaining this minimum reservoir water surface elevation will ensure both Run-of River operation and delivery if the required bypass reach flow. Electronic records of the water surface elevation and turbine gate settings should be saved to a database at least hourly.

Section 3.1

The Draft Plan proposes installing a staff gauge on the project spillway and reporting gauge readings weekly. Daily (or more frequent) manual monitoring would be useful as a ground truth for the hourly electronic water surface elevation data collected by the transducer in the project reservoir and will help the project operators fine tune the PLC to

be sure that the minimum flow requirements are met during the first few months of operation. Weekly visual monitoring of spillway water elevations is not sufficient by itself to meet the exemption requirements for Run-of-River operation and Minimum Flow monitoring.

Section 3.2

This section should refer to "turbine flow" rather than "bypass discharge flow". Please describe what parameters of turbine operation will be monitored and recorded (flow, gate setting, and/or generation). As described previously- these parameters should be recorded at least hourly and paired with reservoir water surface elevation data.

Section 4.0

Data collected should include hourly water surface elevation of the project reservoir paired with hourly turbine data (gate settings, flow, and/or generation). This data should be stored in an electronic data base and be available for inspection.

Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan

As directed by the Order Granting Exemption from Licensing, the Alternatives have filed a "Draft Water Quality Monitoring Plan". The Draft Plan describes how the project owner will sample water quality parameters (temperature, pH, conductivity, dissolved oxygen, and total suspended solids) at three locations (project impoundment, bypass reach, and below project tailrace) during the first summer after the project begins to generate.

Comments

General

The Draft Plan is acceptable; the Division expects that the MA DEP may have more specific comments.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment.

Sincerely,

Caleb Slater, Ph.D.

Anadromous Fish Project Leader

alel Kely

cc Bob Kubit, MADEP Melissa Grater, USFWS

Kathleen Hervol, Beals and Thomas, Inc.

Appendix B

Data Collection Spreadsheets

Depth of Water

Sampling	Y Location		onstruction			Post-Construction Sampling Dates				
Station		mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	
SW-1	Upstream of Dam, South Bank									
SW-2	Downstream of Dam, North Bank			!						
SW-3	Downstream of Dam, South Bank									

Temperature

Sampling	Location	Pre-C	onstruction	Sampling	Dates	Post-Construction Sampling Dates				
Station		mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	
SW-1	Upstream of Dam,	•								
300-1	South Bank									
SW-2	Downstream of									
300-2	Dam, North Bank									
SW-3	Downstream of									
344-3	Dam, South Bank									

рΗ

Sampling	Location		onstruction			Post-Construction Sampling Dates			
Station		mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy
SW-1	Upstream of Dam,								
300-1	South Bank								
SW-2	Downstream of								
344-2	Dam, North Bank								
SW-3	Downstream of								
344-3	Dam, South Bank								

Conductivity

Sampling Station	Location		onstruction			Post-Construction Sampling Dates				
		mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	
SW-1	Upstream of Dam,									
300-1	South Bank									
SW-2	Downstream of									
SVV-2	Dam, North Bank									
0144.0	Downstream of									
SW-3	Dam, South Bank									

Dissolved Oxygen

Sampling Station	Location	Pre-C	onstruction	Sampling	Dates	Post-Construction Sampling Dates				
		mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	
SW-1	Upstream of Dam,									
344-1	South Bank									
SW-2	Downstream of									
300-2	Dam, North Bank									
SW-3	Downstream of									
377-3	Dam, South Bank									

Total Suspended Solids

Sampling	Location	Pre-C	onstruction	Sampling	Dates	Post-Construction Sampling Dates			
Station		mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy	mm/dd/yy
SW-1	Upstream of Dam,								
300-1	South Bank								
SW-2	Downstream of								
377-2	Dam, North Bank								
SW-3	Downstream of								
377-3	Dam, South Bank								

Appendix C

Laboratory Analysis Documentation

Low Impact Hydropower Questionnaire

E. Threatened and Endangered Species Protection

October 8, 2004 Letter from MA DFW



Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Division of Fisheries & Wildlife

Wayne F. MacCallum, Director

October 8, 2004

Kathleen D. Hervol Beals and Thomas, Inc. Reservoir Corporate Center 144 Turnpike Road (Route 9) Southborough, MA 01772-2104

Re:

Hydroelectric Project

BTI Project No. 0968.07

Northbridge, MA

NHESP File: 04-16618

Dear Ms. Hervol:

Thank you for contacting the Natural Heritage and Endangered Species Program ("NHESP") of the MA Division of Fisheries & Wildlife for information regarding state-protected rare species in the vicinity of the above referenced site. At this time we are not aware of any rare plants or animals in the vicinity of the proposed project site.

This evaluation is based on the most recent information available in the NHESP database, which is constantly being expanded and updated through ongoing research and inventory. Should your site plans change, or new rare species information become available, this evaluation may be reconsidered.

If you have any questions regarding this review, please call Joanne Theriault, Conservation Assistant, at ext. 310.

Sincerely.

Thomas W. French, Ph.D.

Thomas W. French

Assistant Director